

Installation, Operation and Maintenance Instructions

Peripheral Mag-Drive Regenerative
Turbine Pumps
TMAG-M series



made for your process

CONTENTS

GENERAL WARNINGS AND SAFETY	
Symbols used in the manual	
WARRANTY	
NAMEPLATE	
PUMP DESCRIPTION	
Applications	
TECHNICAL DATA	
ALLOWABLE NOZZLE LOADS	7
OVERALL DIMENSIONS	10
NOISE AND VIBRATION	11
RADIATION IONISING	12
CHECKS TO PUMP DELIVERY, STORAGE	
SHIPPING AND HANDLING	
ASSEMBLY, INSTALLATION, CONNECTIONS, COMMISSIONING AND SETTING	
Assembly	
Connection of the pump to suction and discharge pipes	13
Checks for the proper operation	
Commissioning and operator training	
Self-priming pumps and non self-priming pumps	15
Coupling of the pump to the motor	15
Features and installation of pump and motor assembly	
Alignment of the coupling	
Alignment tolerances and coupling	15
DURING USE OF THE PUMP. IMPROPER USE. DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTIONING.PERSONAL PROTECTIVE E	
Intended use of the pump	
Instructions for proper use reasonably foreseeable	16 16
Not permitted use	
RESIDUAL RISKS AND PROTECTION MEASURES TO BE TAKEN	
Description of the residual risks that remain	
Protection measures to be taken by the user and instructions	
Personal protective equipment to wear	17
OPERATIONAL LIMITS, DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDS NOT EXCLUDED FROM THE SECURITY MEASURES TAKEN	17
Safety information present on the pump	18
INSTRUCTIONS AND PROCEDURES FOR THE TRAINING OF THE PERSONNEL AND FOR EMERGENCIES	
Recovery mode	
Fire-fighting equipment to be used:	18
Emission / dispersion of harmful substances	
MALFUNCTIONING, FAILURE, BREAKDOWN, ACCIDENT. MOST FREQUENT PROBLEMS: CAUSES AND REMEDIES	
Malfunctioning and Failure	
Breakdown	
Accident	
PERIODIC AND EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE	
Periodic preventive maintenance	
Emptying of the fluid contained in the pump	
Draining the oil contained in the pump	
Extraordinary maintenance	
REPAIR AND PARTS REPLACEMENT	
The periodic maintenance specified in the" PERIODIC AND EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE"	
Pump reassembling	30
DECOMMISSIONING, DISMANTLING AND DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS	31
Decommissioning	31
Demolition and dismantling	31
NOTES	31
APPENDIX A – Register of maintenance and periodic checks of the pump	32
APPENDIX B – Startup check list	33

GENERAL WARNINGS AND SAFETY

This manual was prepared by *Bedu Pompen BV* pump to provide the buyer all necessary information for its proper use and regular maintenance. In this manual is also contained the manual of the electric motor when the pump is supplied with this.

For safety and hygiene of the workplace and to ensure a fair and sustainable use of the pump, the manual should be kept for any consultation.

As part of the pump, this manual must go with it.

For any given non-deductible or not included in this manual is recommended that you contact Bedu Pompen BV.

Do not use the pump before you have read and assimilated all safety rules and instructions in this manual.

In case of damage or loss of the manual, ask for a copy to *Bedu Pompen BV* promptly.

The failure to follow instructions in this manual, exempt Bedu Pompen BV from any liability.

The pump and the instructions are intended for operators who make professional use and should be used by qualified personnel adequately trained, aware of uses, operation and risk that the pump generates during its use, the user with experience is the best form of qualification.

Bedu Pompen BV reserves at any time the right to make changes deemed necessary to improve the pump, taking care to update this manual as soon as possible. This reflects the state of the art at the marketing pump. In case of transfer of the pump, the user is encouraged to report to Bedu the address of the new owner to facilitate the transmission of any additions to the manual to the new user. Bedu reserves all rights to this manual, no total or partial reproduction is allowed without written permission.

Symbols used in the manual

In the text to indicate the risk of maneuvers or possible dangerous situations, warnings have been included, each of which consists of a symbol followed by a warning.

MAGNETIC



Persistence of a magnetic field. This field may represent an immediate danger to individuals who have electronic medical devices, metal heart valves, metal or any other metal objects, impairing its functionality.

Bedu declines any responsibility for any damages to people who did not keep a safe distance of at least 1metre, where it is shown that symbol

DANGER



Indicates a potential risk to operators who are using the pump and / or the integrity of the pump, which could result in damaging itself and / or serious injury to people concerned.

CAUTION



Calls attention to important details that the staff must know and keep in mind for the proper use and operation of the pump.

PROHIBITION



Calls attention to transactions that are absolutely prohibited, not respecting the prohibition you may damage the pump and / or operators.

Bedu declines responsibility for damages to things or people for not having complied with the prohibitions set.

WARRANTY

Valid for one year from the date of the pump sale. *Bedu Pompen BV* do not assume any liability for any warranties explicit or implied, nor as regards the possibility to sell or the suitability of the items supplied.

The warranty will not be applied if:

- the repair and / or maintenance was not carried out strictly in accordance with the instructions;
- the pump has not been installed and put into service as instructed;
- the repairs were not made by staff Bedu or were made without consulting Bedu;
- spare parts are not original were used;
- lubricants were used different from those recommended;
- the parts supplied were not used according to their nature and / or destination;
- the parts supplied were used carelessly, negligently, improperly;
- the parts supplied were damaged due to external circumstances.

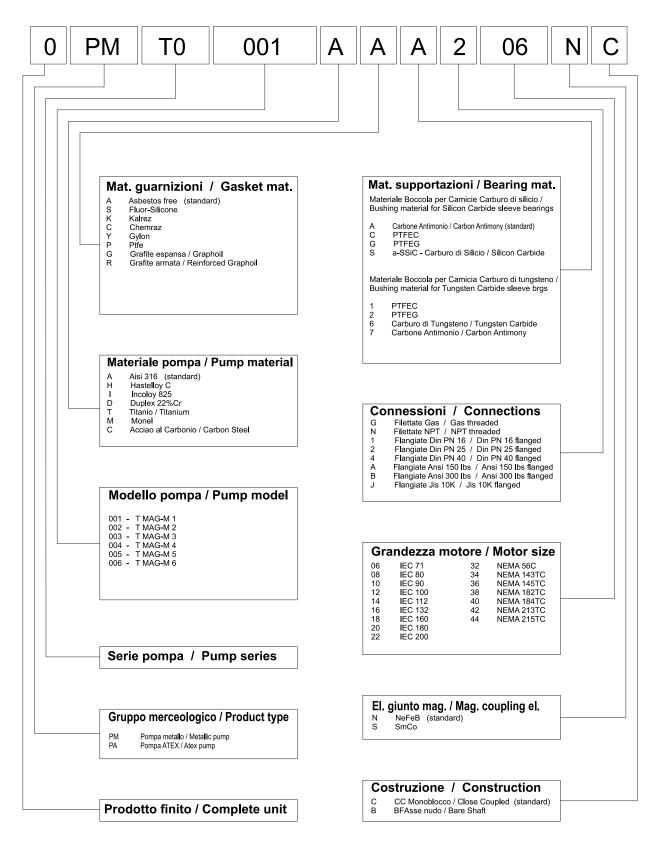
All wear parts are excluded from warranty.

NAMEPLATE

The pump for installation in ordinary environments has the nameplate on the side of the support as shown: only the fields are compiled must be considered relevant and therefore valid for identification.



The serial number of the pump, here called serial number (s.nr) defines the type of components installed in the pump:



This configuration for complete unit only

PUMP DESCRIPTION

Key feature of magnetic drive pumps is that the fluid that have to be moved never comes into direct contact with engine parts, ensuring the physical separation between the motor and the pump and the transmission is delivered via a coaxial magnetic coupling.

The pump consists of a part (outer rotor) that is coupled to an electric motor through elastic coupling (bare shaft version) or directly (monoblock) and a part (internal rotor integral with the pump impeller) that allows the pumping fluid. The outer rotor is composed of a series of magnetic elements with features and size variations to the torque to be transmitted. The inner and outer rotor magnets are a magnetic circuit, characterized by pairs of polar opposites, overlooked. At the start of the electric motor the outer rotor rotating drives sincronously the internal rotor, thus the power is transmitted to the impeller pump, which acts as the pumping of liquid in the pump body itself. A static containmet can, called rer casing, located between the two rotors, separates the liquid from the atmosphere, making the pump seal.

Applications

- pumps in general, this model is ideal for clean liquids slightly contaminated, no particles that may become magnetized;
- the maximum working pressure of the plant, the temperature suitable and the maximum rotation speed depends on the type of pump and it is specified in the "TECHNICAL DATA". Other uses are not permitted because you must comply with the conditions of use in "TECHNICAL DATA": the use of a pump in a plant or in fluid conditions different from those for which the pump was designed, can lead to dangerous situations for the user.

TECHNICAL DATA

The pumps described in this manual have the following characteristics:

Available in bare shaft configuration or block, with the engine directly keyed to the pump support.

T MAG-M

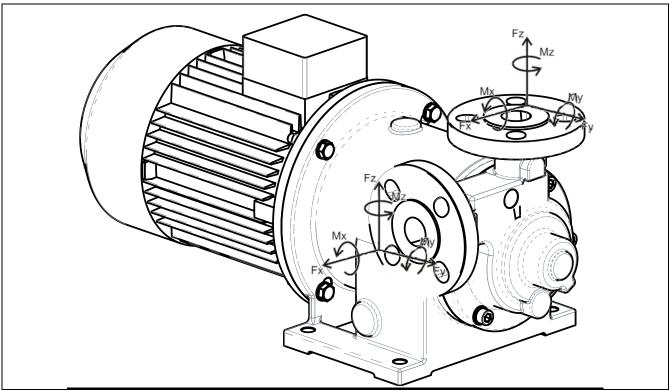
- Nozzle: DIN PN16 / PN.40, ANSI (ASA) B16.5 150lbs / 300lbs flanged, BSPF, NPTF threaded;
- Max viscosity: 200 cSt;
- Max system pressure:

 25 BAR (standard)
 - BAR (Special version on request)
- Flow up to 9 m³/h;
- Head up to 90 m;
- Working temperature from -120°C to +250°C (standard version), +350°C (special version)
- Installable motor power: from 0,55W to 7,5KW;
- Speed: up to 3500 rpm;
- Weight (pump only): from 10 to 40 kg;

Electric Motor characteristics:	Supply frequency: 50 Hz	Supply frequency: 50 Hz
2 poles	2900 rpm	3500 rpm
4 poles	1450 rpm	1750 rpm



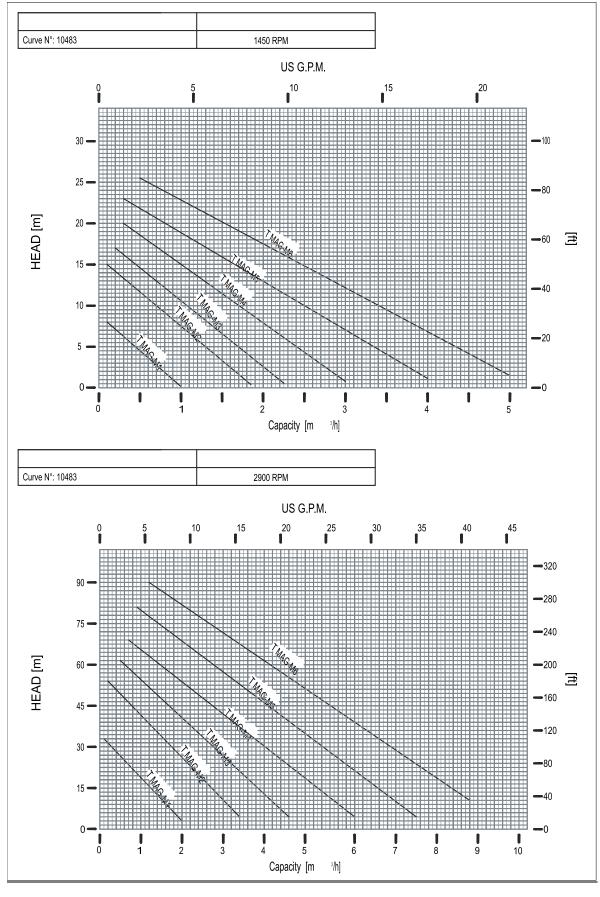
 CAUTION: If the pump is driven by inverter, remain within the recommended limits of rotation



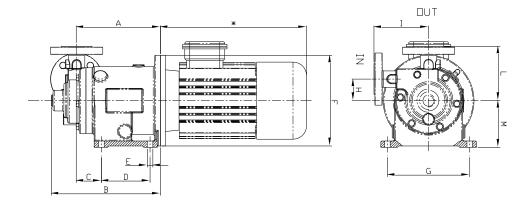
DUMB		FORCES [N]									S [N] MOMENTS [Nm]					
PUMP SIZE	F	x	F	y	F	Z	F	r	M	lx	N	1 y	N	1z	N	1r
SIZE	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
1	131	131	149	123	123	149	228	228	135	135	90	90	105	105	195	195
2	131	131	149	123	123	149	228	228	135	135	90	90	105	105	195	195
3	131	131	149	123	123	149	228	228	135	135	90	90	105	105	195	195
4	131	131	149	123	123	149	228	228	135	135	90	90	105	105	195	195
5	158	158	184	149	149	184	289	289	165	165	113	113	128	128	240	240
6	193	193	219	175	175	219	341	341	195	195	135	135	158	158	285	285

OPERATING LIMITS AND PERFORMANCE

T MAG-M



OVERALL DIMENSIONS

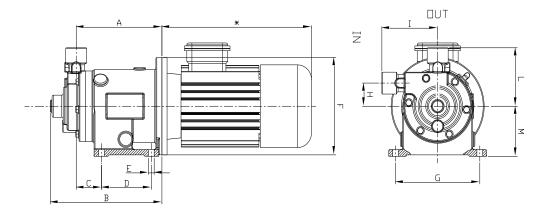


flangiato UNI 22	83-67 F	flanged UNI 2283-67 PN.25			
Nome Pompa Pump Name	р	q	r	s	
T MAG-M 1	15	65	95	14	
T MAG-M 2	20	75	105	14	
T MAG-M 3/4	25	85	115	14	
T MAG-M 5	36	100	140	18	
T MAG-M 6	36	110	150	18	
T MAG-M 7+10	40	110	150	18	

flangiato ANSI B	flangiato ANSI B.16.5 300 lb/sq. in. flanged ANSI B.16.5 300 lb/sq. ir									
Nome Pompa Pump Name	р	q	r	s						
T MAG-M 1	15	66.6	95.2	15.9						
T MAG-M 2	20	82.5	117.5	19						
T MAG-M 3/4	25	88.9	123.8	19						
T MAG-M 5	36	114.3	155.6	22.4						
T MAG-M 6	36	114.3	155.6	22.4						
T MAG-M 7÷10	40	114.3	155.6	22.4	1 + -					

flangiato ANSI B	.16.5 150	anged ANSI B.16.5 150 lb/sq. in.			
Nome Pompa Pump Name	Р	q	r	s	≦ IN / DUT
T MAG-M 1	15	60.3	88.9	15.9	
T MAG-M 2	20	69.8	98.4	15.9	
T MAG-M 3/4	25	79.4	107.9	15.9	
T MAG-M 5	36	88.9	117.5	15.9	
T MAG-M 6	36	98.4	127	15.9	
T MAG-M 7+10	40	98.4	127	15.9	- <u></u> -

Nome Pompa Pump Name	Gr. motore Motor Size	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	L	М
T MAG-M 1	71	140.5	181.5	41.5	80	9	160	140	46	95	99	85
T MAG-M 1	80	140.5	181.5	41.5	90	9	200	150	46	95	99	102
T MAG-M 2	80/90	172.2	222.3	47.2	104	11	200	165	50	110	115	103
T MAG-M 3	90	184.2	240.1	53.5	109	11	200	180	47.5	120	120	103
T MAG-M 3	100/112	192	248	51.2	109	11	250	180	47.5	120	120	130
T MAG-M 4	90	184.2	240.1	53.5	109	11	200	180	47.5	120	120	103
T MAG-M 4	100/112	192	248	51.2	109	11	250	180	47.5	120	120	130
T MAG-M 5	100/112	207	273.5	65	120	11.5	250	190	62	146	146	135
T MAG-M 5	132	227	293.5	70	120	11.5	300	190	62	146	146	155
T MAG-M 6	100/112	207	273.5	65	120	11.5	250	190	62	146	146	135
T MAG-M 6	132	227	293.5	70	120	11.5	300	190	62	146	146	155
T MAG-M 7÷10	160/180	300	406	93	164	14	350	256	110	219	196	180
T MAG-M 7÷10	200	300	406	93	164	14	400	256	110	219	196	210



Connessioni filetto	te GAS	or NPT	Р	ort cor	nection threaded GAS or NPT
Nome Pompa Pump Name	Р	q	r	S	IN / DUT
T MAG-M 1	1,"	13	32	15	r P
T MAG-M 2	3." 4."	14.5	38	20	0
T MAG-M 3/4	1"	16.8	45	25	
T MAG-M 5/6	1월"	19.1	60	30	<u>-5</u>

Nome Pompa Pump Name	Gr. motore Motor Size	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	L	М
T MAG-M 1	71	140.5	181.5	41.5	80	9	160	140	46	95	99	85
T MAG-M 1	80	140.5	181.5	41.5	90	9	200	150	46	95	99	102
T MAG-M 2	80/90	172.2	222.3	47.2	104	11	200	165	50	110	115	103
T MAG-M 3	90	184.2	240.1	53.5	109	11	200	180	47.5	120	120	103
T MAG-M 3	100/112	192	248	51.2	109	11	250	180	47.5	120	120	130
T MAG-M 4	90	184.2	240.1	53.5	109	11	200	180	47.5	120	120	103
T MAG-M 4	100/112	192	248	51.2	109	11	250	180	47.5	120	120	130
T MAG-M 5	100/112	207	273.5	65	120	11.5	250	190	62	146	146	135
T MAG-M 5	132	227	293.5	70	120	11.5	300	190	62	146	146	155
T MAG-M 6	100/112	207	273.5	65	120	11.5	250	190	62	146	146	135
T MAG-M 6	132	227	293.5	70	120	11.5	300	190	62	146	146	155

OVERALL DIMENSIONS

See specific documentation provided with this manual.

NOISE AND VIBRATION

The pump noise depends primarily on the operating conditions. The operating condition of the pump during the measurements is: the coupling of the pump with the electric motor on the bench with pumping fluids. The A-weighted sound pressure level to front and side of the pump is below 85 dB (A).

RADIATION IONISING

The pump does not emit any kind of ionising radiation that could endanger persons.

CHECKS TO PUMP DELIVERY, STORAGE

All *Bedu* pumps are tested before shipment and carefully packed for transport: at the reception of the pump make sure that the pump has not been damaged during the transport. If there are problems, contact immediately the carrier and inform *Bedu* about what happened.

So that the pump is preserved over time as best as possible, we recommend storing it away from the sun, bad weather and dust, if not immediately installed or used for long periods.

Stoppers closing the input and output connections of the fluid must not be removed until installation. If provided with electric motor, observe also the motor manufacturer's storage formality.

The maximum allowable temperature range during storage, preservation and use must be between -15 e +40 °C with humidity between 10 e 90%.

SHIPPING AND HANDLING

You should carry out a precautionary check of the pump at the receiving to detect and report any damage in the transport and handling operations. In case of breakages contact immediately *Bedu*.

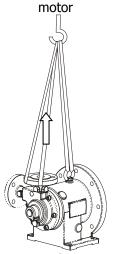
The precautions to ensure the stability of the pump concern the possible slips and overturning caused by handling and transport, which must be prevented by setting the pump casing of the pump with ropes to the vehicle frame.

Pump and motor assembly cannot be moved manually due to its high weight.

To move a pump positioned on a pallet, enlarge as maximum as possible the forks and then operate.

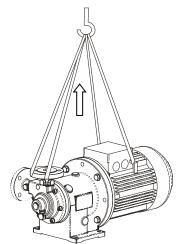
For a stable lifting the pump can be lift as indicated in the figures:

close couple pump without



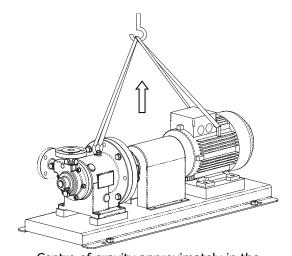
Centre of gravity approximately in the middle

close couple pump with motor



Centre of gravity approximately in the middle

Bare frame pump with motor and baseplate



Centre of gravity approximately in the middle

These operations must be performed by a trained staff who is informed of the risk of these proceedings.

PROHIBITION



- It is forbidden to lift the pump using different lugs from the ones specially designed and reported, as points of anchorage.
- You cannot lift a pump and motor assembly using the eye-bolt of the electric motor only.
- During the lifting the entire surrounding area is considered as a danger zone and must be cleared by personnel not engaged in those operations.

It is indicated the possibility of transporting and handling the pump using the lugs designed for that use: you must ensure that chains and shackles are able to withstand the weight of the pump (as shown in "TECHNICAL DATA").

ASSEMBLY, INSTALLATION, CONNECTIONS, COMMISSIONING AND SETTING

Assembly

Install the pump on a solid foundation as close as possible to the liquid to be pumped, below the level, in a position to facilitate maintenance and inspection.

Ensure that the pump doesn't take rough shacks as this may damage the magnets of the internal and external rotor or the silicon carbide bearings.

Ensure that the heated air from other units does not affect the pump; the air temperature must not exceed 40 °C, for higher temperatures contact your distributor *Bedu*; ensure also the free circulation of air cooling of at least ¼ the engine diameter, because either the pump or the motor should be able to dissipate the heat by natural air convection. Insufficient cooling could lead to high surface temperatures of the bearings seat, poor lubrication and premature failure of bearings. Useful is the monitoring of the surface bearings' temperature. It is always responsibility of the operator to keep low the temperature of the liquid so that not to superheat the pump: in case of irregular pressure fluctuations and flow drop turn off the pump.

CAUTION



- Normally you should mount the pump horizontally. If mounted vertically or inclined, the pump, or rather the suction flange shall be placed in the lowest point. Leave a space of at least 50 cm between the pump and any walls or pipes.
- When pumping liquid can reach high temperatures: form 60 °C upwards you must install protections to prevent contact with hot pump parts;
- Connect to the ground the entire pump casing to prevent accumulation of static electricity;
- If the pumped liquid can be dangerous to people and environment, the user must take precautions for a simple and quick block in case of leakage for breakage/ replacement/ pump maintenance.

Connection of the pump to suction and discharge pipes

For a proper assembly aimed at an optimal use of the pump, you must follow these requirements:

- pipes must be supported and kept in line regardless of the pump, until its connections, so that not to impose on it;
- links must not be subjected to stresses during the job;
- the maximum permissible forces and moments on flanges shall not exceed those listed in "technical data";
- inlet pipes should be constructed with as few restrictions as possible in order to have the highest available NPSH;
- the length of pipes , particularly that of the inlet pipe must be minimized;
- the pipe must be placed so that it is not possible the formation of air; if this is not possible, it should be calculated the possibility of bleeding the air from the highest point;
- during suction use full section valves only;

if the suction tube was larger than the suction flange, you will use an eccentric reduction, in order to prevent formation of air and turbulence;

if there is a possibility that the maximum working pressure can be overcome, for example due to excessive suction pressure, you should take appropriate measures by including a safety valve in the pipe;

Avoid using quick-closing valves, because sudden changes of pressure cause water hammer very dangerous for the pump and the pipes;

Before installing the pump, make sure the suction line is clean and/or provided with a filter to protect the impeller and the stationary bearings from damages incurred by slag, or other foreign particles , especially when you start the installation for the first time.

Electrical connections:

DANGER



The pump is **provided with or without electric motor: only qualified personnel** should carry out mechanical connection of the pump to the motor (for the model without motor) and the electrical connections of the motor to the electrical system. Please read carefully the instructions of the manufacturer of the motor or the manual before you complete the installation.

Make sure that the motor doesn't start during maintenance jobs.

Checks for the proper operation

We recommend installing a pressure gauge on both inlet and outlet pipes to allow the operator to easily control the proper pump functioning in relation to the required operating point: in case of cavitation or other malfunctions, there will be obvious pressure fluctuations.

Check the differential pressure of the pump between the suction and discharge connections to verify that it works in the point of work provided.

Check that the absolute pressure at suction is not so low to cause the cavitation.

CAUTION

The absolute pressure at pump suction (m) must be at least 0,5 to 1 m, the vapour pressure of the pumped liquid, in order to avoid cavitation.



Cavitation should always be avoided as it is very dangerous for the structure of the pump. Do not dry run the pump!

Commissioning and operator training

- Fully open the inlet valve and fill the pump and suction line;
- Ensure there are no obstacles to the free rotation of the pump impeller.

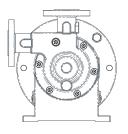
The *Bedu* series T MAG-M **are not reversible** so the rotation cannot be reversed.

The proper direction is **counterclockwise**.

If you put in front of the pump casing, an arrow indicates the correct direction of rotation; to reverse the direction of rotation may cause damages to the pump.

To control the direction of rotation, give and immediately remove voltage, then observe the direction of rotation.

ROTATION SENSE:





Make sure that rotating parts, such as flexible coupling or other related organs, are always protected when the pump is running.

Operators using the pump must have read this manual in the sections committed to the functioning, use and maintenance, as well as being qualified to fully understand the features and to be able to identify the problems of the pump.

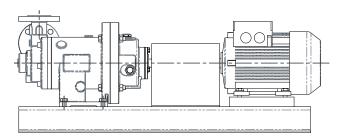
By carrying out the functions mentioned in the previous section and all controls listed in the register maintenance, the pump is ready for use.

Self-priming pumps and non self-priming pumps

T MAG-M pumps are not self-priming: make sure that the pump is filled with liquid and if necessary, vented before starting; in case that the suction head is negative compared to the discharge, the dry run should be avoided.

Coupling of the pump to the motor

If the pump and the motor are coupled respect the following sequences to proceed with the installation:



Fill the two elastic coupling halves on the pump and the motor.

Position the pump on the base plate.

Place the motor, insert thicknesses (about 5mm), under the feet, so that the two shafts (pump and motor) are coaxial.

Leave a space of 3mm between the two elastic coupling halves, and then block the motor with the provided screws.

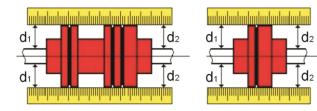
Features and installation of pump and motor assembly

The shafts of the pump and the motor have already been adjusted and aligned as an extension of one another. For installation of the plant it is necessary to respect the sequence of actions:

- The base plate must be affixed to an horizontal plane, using also thickness;
- Tighten the nuts of the bolts;
- Check the shafts alignment and the motor alignment and repeat these actions if necessary (described in the paragraph "Alignment of the coupling").

Alignment of the coupling

- Place a straight edge on the coupling.
 Insert or remove any thickness necessary to bring the motor at the correct height, so that the bottom edge of the ruler is placed on both halves of the coupling for the entire length;
- Repeat the same check on both sides of the coupling, at the height of the shaft. Turn the motor shaft so that the bottom edge of the straight edge touches both halves of the coupling for the entire length;
- Reinstall the protection.



Alignment tolerances and coupling

The maximum allowed tolerances for the two halves alignment of the coupling, to be verified with the comparator, are:

TYPE OF COUPLING	OFFSET	ANGLE
Short flexible coupling (3000 rpm)	0.05mm	0.04mm for coupling with diameter 100mm.
Flexible coupling with spacer (3000 rpm)	0.07mm for spcer 100mm.	0.04mm for coupling with diameter 100mm.

INTENDED USE OF THE PUMP. IMPROPER USE. DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTIONING.PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT DURING USE.

Intended use of the pump

The magnetic drive pump, thanks to its decoupling between the pump and the motor, never enters into direct contact with motor parts, providing a friction effect on the impeller of the pump. The pump works correctly if the parameters specified in the paragraph "TECHNICAL DATA" are followed.

<u>Instructions for proper use reasonably foreseeable</u>

Before starting work you must check that:

- All maintenance actions were properly carried out according to the time intervals set by Bedu Pompen BV;
- There are no damaged parts of the pump;
- All the warning stickers and safety licence plates are present and in good condition and are operating the emergency stop buttons (check through a test).

CAUTION

Do not dry run the pump!



At the start, immediately check the pressure gauge placed in the discharge: if the discharge pressure reaches the nominal value quickly, stop the pump and try staring. Check the pump and piping to make sure that there is no leakage of liquid from the plant. A noisy pump is a symptom of a malfunction that represent a failure in the short term. A very low frequency and with a rumbling can indicate the state of cavitation; an excessive noise of the motor can be caused by a wear of a bearing.

Not permitted use

While maintaining the conditions of use indicated in the paragraph "TECHNICAL DATA", the ways in which the pump should not be used are given here. To avoid damaging the pump, it is forbidden to use it in the following conditions:

PROHIBITION

- Start the pump dry: the pump casing must be full of liquid.
- Run the pump dry for more than 1 minute;



- Mare the pump work with inlet valve and /or outlet closed: the heat generated by the impeller, by magnetic coupling and bearings will boil the liquid, which will cause pump cavitation/vibration, the impeller damaging and the bearings collapse;
- The pump flow should never be adjusted by the valve located in the suction pipe, which must be kept fully open, start and or make the pump work if there are losses;
- Start the pump if there are losses;
- Change working condition of the pump without having consulted the Bedu technical office;
- loosen the pump connections while under pressure;
- try to clean the pump while it is running;
- run the pump in the opposite direction to that shown in the pump casing;
- run the pump over nominal temperature and pressure;
- pumping liquids containing ferromagnetic particles of any size, or substances that can attack chemically or erode the inside of the pump;
- remove guards and shelters while the pump is running;
- act on electrical parts installed without first removing the tension, not to alter the safety devices installed, do not activate repeatedly the command buttons.

DANGER



It is incorrect any use of the pump other than that mentioned in the paragraph "Instructions for a proper use reasonably foreseeable".

Bedu disclaims any liability damages to things and people related to uses for which the pump was not specifically designed and constructed.

Also the ways in which certain situations of danger might present as a result of improper use, are prohibited.

RESIDUAL RISKS AND PROTECTION MEASURES TO BE TAKEN

Description of the residual risks that remain

Despite adopted measures incorporated in the pump, the main dangers associated with the use of the pump and the solutions identified are the followings:

Danger of sketches projection of process fluid that can be corrosive or burning, as a result of improper installation and sudden ruptures of the pump casing and hydraulic lines;

Danger of cuts to the hands due to the presence of smears on the pump casing;

Explosion of the pump is due to a formation of explosive mixture inside the pump casing as a result of an improper use.

Protection measures to be taken by the user and instructions

PROHIBITION



It is absolutely forbidden to the user to tamper with safety devices. Before using the pump check the proper couplings mechanical protection. Any tampering nullifies the warranty and liability of *Bedu* towards the pump users.

Only maintenance personnel can perform maintenance operation affecting safety devices.

Personal protective equipment to wear

Protection measures that have to be taken during this phase are adopting antacid and antistatic coverall, chemical-resistant glasses, gloves to protect from mechanical and chemical agents and safety shoes.

Avoid the use of accessories (necklaces, bracelets, etc.) and clothes unshackled; torn or dangling that could get

entangled in parts of the structure.

OPERATIONAL LIMITS, DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDS NOT EXCLUDED FROM THE SECURITY MEASURES TAKEN

Dangers that have not been reduced/ eliminated with the security measures adopted on the pump can be reduced/eliminated if operators apply measures on management as a result of having to:

- Keep all the safety warnings of and all plaques and labels intact and replace them when necessary, periodically checking their good condition;
- Don't employ substances which may affect the physical ability or the mental faculty (alcoholic beverages, medicines, drugs, etc);
- Don't use without permission spare parts not identical to the originals or components not approved by Bedu Pompen BV;
- Don't perform any modification or structural intervention without the approval of Bedu Pompen BV;
- After shocks accidentally suffered by the pump, check the pump integrity and perform a check to
- Bedu Pompen BV:
- After a long period of pump detention check the pump integrity and functionality of stakeholders to wear. If necessary perform the replacement with identical spare parts to the originals.

CAUTION

Each of the misuse or negligence listed here causes:



- immediate cancellation of *Bedu* assistance.
- cancellation of Bedu responsibility for damage to property, animals or people.

Safety information present on the pump

Safety warnings applied to the pump must be respected and restored in case of illegibility, and are as follow:

Warning	Description signs applied	Symbol/indication	Quantity	Notes
1.	Marking plate <i>Bedu</i>	As described in paragraph "PLATE"	1	1
2.	Label rotation and not run dry indication	NON AVVIARE A SECCO DO NOT RUN DRY	1	2
3.	Hydro-test label	THE BUCCO	1	3
4.	Label quality control assembly		1	Internal use

INSTRUCTIONS AND PROCEDURES FOR THE TRAINING OF THE PERSONNEL AND FOR EMERGENCIES

Operators responsible for the various life stages of the pump must be:

- for assemblers: staff formed and trained on good practices for handling of goods with the use of tools and lifting equipment;
- for installers of pipes and electrical connections: qualified and trained staff to operate on electrical plants, staff with experience in hydraulic installations;
- -f or users: professional staff trained in the instruction for use of this pump.

In case of emergency:

- alert who is close to the situation of danger, even waving his arms;
- stop the pump by pressing the nearest emergency stop button;

Recovery mode

To return to normal operating conditions, you must delete all the causes that have generated the emergency, possibly repairing or replacing the components that caused the failure.

CAUTION



After the intervention of security devices, you must find the cause of action before continuing operations.

Fire-fighting equipment to be used:

In case of fire involving the pump, you can use water or foam liquid only after removing the voltage, or a powder type fire extinguisher with extinguishing agent. Do not use CO2 as being launched at -79 ° C may react violently with the hot parts.

Emission / dispersion of harmful substances

The fluid in the plant might be released in the atmosphere following an intervention or the pump break.

MALFUNCTIONING, FAILURE, BREAKDOWN, ACCIDENT. MOST FREQUENT PROBLEMS: CAUSES AND REMEDIES

There aren't pump details which provide such cases of malfunctioning as to restrict or make its use dangerous. In paragraph "Most frequent drawbacks: causes and remedy" is discussed with more details in this section.

Malfunctioning and Failure

In case of failure of mechanical parts you must immediately restore the original terms of security by replacing or repairing the parts that have deficiencies.

In case of failure of the pump, proceed as follows:

- Turn the motor off;
- close the inlet and outlet valves;
- find the cause of the failure by checking the section " Most frequent drawbacks: problems, causes, remedies, residual risks".

The failure of a pumping plant can be attributed to:

- a pump failure;
- a failure or defect in the pipe;
- a failure due to an installation or a start not correctly executed;
- wrong choice of pump.

Breakdown

In the event of failure of pump alert verbally the staff present in the nearness of the damage that is verifying.

Accident

In case of accident, you must report the emergency to the plant responsible for the installation, in order to secure the plant to reach with the emergency team the place where the accident happened.

Most frequent drawbacks: problems, causes, remedies, residual risks

INSUFFICIENT FLOWS	
Causes	Remedies / actions to be taken
The head requested exceeds the pump head expected.	Increase the speed rotation if possible. Mount an impeller of greater diameter Reduce the total head of the system if possible. Increase the diameter of the discharge pipe. Check that the discharge valve is fully open. Replace the pump. Ask your <i>Bedu</i> distributor.
The pump rotates in the opposite direction.	Check the direction of rotation. Refer to section 3.5 of this manual
Air or steam trapped in the suction.	Check the presence of air or steam trapped. Refer to section 3.4 of this manual.
The liquid contains air or steam. The liquid produces foam.	Check the presence of vortices in the suction line. Enter some in the fuel tank to prevent the formation of vortices. Install a tank of sufficient capacity in the suction line to allow gas to drag.

Insufficient inlet pressure, with the generation of cavitation and loss of efficiency.

Increase the static height at the suction.

Check that the intake is not blocked or are no bottlenecks. Reduce the liquid temperature. Increase the diameter of the

intake pipes.

Reduce the length of inlet pipes. Open completely the inlet valve. Check the viscosity of the liquid; refer to "technical data" section of this manual, increase the temperature of the

liquid if necessary.

Wear ring, wear pump casing or impeller.

Check the condition of rotating ring wear and collar. Replace if worn; refer to Chapter 10 of this manual.

The temperature of the liquid is close to boiling point

Reduce the liquid temperature.

NO FLOW

Causes Remedies / actions

Re-prime the pump. Refer to section 3.5.1 of this manual. The pump is defused

Check for air leaks in the suction line

Suction line blocked Ensure that there are no blind pipes, obstructed or valves

closed.

The magnetic coupling decouples Reduce the flow: partially close the discharge valve. Reduce

> the density of the liquid, if possible. Reduce the prevalence of the pump (check in advance with your distributor Bedu). Make sure the pump turns freely; inspect the inside in case this does not happen. Reduce the engine power installed (check in advance with your distributor

Bedu). Adopt star-delta starting.

Check the power of the motor. Check the status of the The motor stopped

motor.

EXCESSIVE FLOW

Remedies / actions Causes

The head required is lower than that provided by the pump

Reduce the speed of rotation, if possible; reduce the impeller diameter; partially close the discharge valve.

OVERHEATING OR MOTOR STOP

Excessive pumped liquid density Reduce the flow by closing the valve outlet partially

Check the free rotation of the impeller. Check for internal The pump has seized or is about to seize.

obstructions.

The motor and pump are misaligned Refer to section 3.8 of this manual

Replace the motor bearings, investigate the causes of The motor bearings are damaged or worn.

breakage.

Motor under dimensioned Mount a more powerful motor (check in advance with your

distributor Bedu).

Motor overload threshold set incorrectly Check the security settings of the motor

The guard against the motor dry running (where present) has failed or has been set incorrectly.

Control flow decreases or fluid intake.

FUNCTIONING WITH NOISE DEFECTS AND/OR VIBRATIONS

Remedies / actions **Causes**

Insufficient inlet pressure, consequent cavitation, insufficient lubrication of the bearings (with mechanical damages if the condition persists).

Refer to paragraphs 3.4, 3.5, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3 of this manual

STOP IMMEDIATELY THE PUMP!

Wear, erosion and immediate damage to the Check inside the pump damages or obstructions.

impeller and internal bearings.

Wear of the coupling motor-pump

Replace the coupling and proceed to the realignment of

pump and motor.

Ball bearings or motor failure. Check and replace them if necessary.

Uninsured motor or base plate.

Make sure that the motor and base plate are firmly anchored to foundations and do not produce any

abnormal vibration.

Misalignment or improper anchoring of the

pipes.

Check correct alignment of pipes and supports, refer to

section 3.2 of this manual.

The pump was started while still rotating in the opposite direction, for a previous start.

Stop immediately the pump and drain all the liquid from the discharge line before restarting.

OVERHEATING OF EXTERNAL BEARINGS (bare shaft versions)

Lack of oil or wrong type of oil in the bearing frame.

Check the oil level: fill up or empty, and replace it if necessary. Replace the bearings.

Excessive oil temperature into the bearing frame.

Fill the bearing frame with oil ras indicated in the paragraph to restore the correct working temperatures.

PERIODIC AND EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE

Proper maintenance and use are essential factors to ensure the functionality and pump lifetime.

Cleaning components and magnet

To clean all surfaces of the couplings and centering surfaces, use possibly methyl alcohol. Use paper towels instead. Do not use solvents and other corrosive liquids on magnet to avoid damaging it; any dirt can be removed from the magnets by using gummed paper. Do not hack or put pressure on the magnet during its handling, it would cause them, damages because of their fragility.

Periodic preventive maintenance

Instructions relating to maintenance activities whose implementation do not require specific skills that can then be made by users of the pump, are given. They are operations and inspections planned on issues considered important for technical, operational and security staff, determined on the basis of the knowledge gained from *Bedu*. If the hydraulic pump is washed with jet in pressure, prevent the entry of water into the terminal of the motor.

DANGER



Do not throw water on the pump hot components: components can explode in case of sudden cooling generating projection of metallic material and leakage of hot fluid in pressure and hazardous to health. Do not give strokes and pressures on the bearings, you would cause the formation of micro-cracks which can cause serious damages.

N.	Description control / intervention: implementation rules	Warnings and protective measures be taken to perform the maintenance properly and safely	Time
1	Ball bearing frame	Top up the oil until the middle of the eye plug	Weekly. Replace oil every 5,000 hours.
2	Internal bearings	Check the status of bushings, sleeve bearings and thrust bearings, replace them if worn	After 2500 hours, check any premature wear, then every 5,000hours or every year.
3	Wear rings	Check the status of the wear ring, consult the table of tolerances	After 2500 hours, check for premature wear, then every 5000 hours or every year.

N.	Description control / intervention: implementation rules	Warnings and protective measures be taken to perform the maintenance properly and safely	Time
4	Motor bearings	Unless other specifications, motor bearings are greased for life, so there is not a maintenance schedule, anyway it is recommended to check the condition of the bearings and replace them when worn	

RECOMMENDED: (TABLE OILS for ambient temperatures exceeding 15 ° c, by classification ISO VG 68)



BP HPL 68

CAUTION CHEVRON EP industrial oil 68

Texaco Rando Oil HDC 68

TOTAL Azolla 68 Shell Tellus 68

Mobil DTE Heavy Medium ISO 68 STATOIL HYDRAWAY HV 68 Esso Teresso 68 / AGIP OSO 68

In **Appendix A** is a list of periodic maintenance and inspections to be completed each time you perform such operations.

Emptying of the fluid contained in the pump

Before disassembling, you must empty the liquid from the pump according to the following steps:

- Close the valves present in the inlet and outlet pipes, and in the cooling pipe;
- Unscrew the drain plug;
- When emptied, screw the drain plug again.

If hazardous to health liquids are pumped, wear suitable personal protective equipment.

Draining the oil contained in the pump

If the pump is lubricated with oil (bare shaft versions):

- remove the oil drain plug;
- drain the oil and collected it without dispersing into the environment;
- replace the drain plug.

If there are fluids hazardous to health, wear personal protective equipment suitable before coming into contact with the liquid.

Extraordinary maintenance

The extraordinary maintenance operations concern the activities that are beyond those typically programmable and executable; they require precise technical expertise by qualified personnel, and then you should contact *Bedu*. Delivery is the one shown in the header of every page of this manual.

DANGER



If it becomes necessary to disassemble the pump, you must remember that the liquid should be collected and disposed in accordance to existing environmental laws. If the pump should be sent to *Bedu* it must be drained, and should not contain any traces of liquid pumped.

REPAIR AND PARTS REPLACEMENT

The pump must always be kept in optimum conditions of operation.

Most of the spare parts have clear and comprehensive references for their identification. It is important that the spares are replaced by similar ones so that they can be considered equivalent in quality and safety: to order original spare parts, contact *Bedu* referring to the model of the pump, employee number, description of the component and the quantity needed.

When you see elements with rust, cracks, etc, you must perform all replacements/repairs necessary to reestablish the conditions of the pump safe working. In any case you should always ask an opinion *Bedu* before any intervention.

The periodic maintenance specified in the PERIODIC AND EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE"

To allow a smooth running for a long time is necessary to make the required maintenance.

Operators should make frequent visual inspections to check that the pump is running smoothly without noise or vibration, and that the discharge pressure is holding steady, without fluctuation, at the correct figure. Overheating of the pump or motor bearings is cause for alarm. The bearing housing should not be more than 50°C above ambient temperature, nor should it exceed 80°C (too hot to touch) in any event. If the bearings overheat, shut the pump down immediately, investigate the cause, and take corrective action.

Pump disassembling

The maintenance and disassembly procedure are intended for use during standard field inspection or service. VANEMAG and V IN LINE pumps contain very strong magnets. The use of a non metallic work surface is highly recommended.

In case the pump has handled hot liquids, make sure that it cools down before disassembly. The pump could have handled dangerous or toxic liquids: it is therefore necessary to wear protection for the skin and the eyes. The liquid must be recovered and eliminated according the existing environmental laws.

In case the pump has to be sent back to the manufacturer to be reconditioned, in case it pumped aggressive or toxic liquids, the same has to be thoroughly drained and cleaned by the customer.

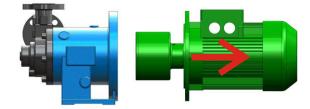
Bring in mind the instructions described in Chapter 9 "Periodic preventive maintenance ", disassemble as follows:

 Remove the pump-motor flange connecting bolts, and then separate the pump from the motor by pulling the pump, so as to decouple the external magnet from the inner one.



Bedu units contain extremely strong magnets. The use of non magnetic tools and work surface is highly recommended.

Strong magnetic attraction when disassembling / assembling drive end to liquid end.







△ CAUTION

The shop area must be clean and free of any ferrous particles.

2) Place the pump on a plane, with the pump casing facing up, then unscrew the clamping screws of the pump casing and remove it, lifting it.

3) Verify the integrity of the wear pad and the separation baffle (highlighted in blue). In case of wear or deterioration of the wear pad, replace it.

It 'should be noted that scratches or dents, present on the separation baffle surfaces, may impair performance of the pump, if they do not cause the rapid destruction, due to the contact with the impeller, in the case in which has been replaced with a new one.

In this case, it is necessary to replace the pump casing.





4) Remove the screws on the lock ring of wear pad.

5) Pull out the lock ring of wear pad.





6) Slip off the wear pad and replace it with a new one.

7) Pull out the bushing of the pump casing.
To do this, use a puller for inner.





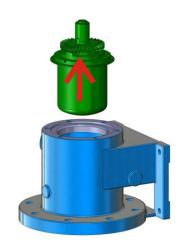


8) It is recommended, at each disassembly of the bushings, replace bushing stop (tolerance rings).

To extract them is enough to make using a small flat screwdriver .



It is advisable in order to minimize the downtime / facility time to replace it with a new one, and then, after you restart the system, perform the review of the old cartridge.



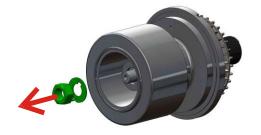


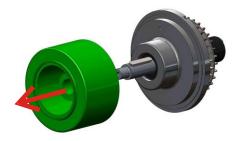
10) Pull out the rear casing, remove the gasket, which must be replaced with a new, upon reassembly.

MAGNETIC

Reminder: Keep all metal tools away from magnetic field of the inner magnet.

11) Unscrew the locking nut of the inner magnet and remove the lock washer.





12) Grasping it with your hands, pull the inner magnet from the shaft assembly.

13) Remove the key of the internal magnet.





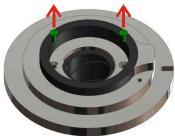
14) Pullout the volute ring assembly.

15) Verify the integrity of the wear pad and the separation baffle (highlighted in blue).

In case of wear or deterioration of the wear ring, replace it.

It 'should be noted that scratches or dents, present on the separation baffle surfaces, may impair performance of the pump, if they do not cause the rapid destruction, due to the contact with the impeller, in the case in which has been replaced with a new one.

In this case you need to replace the ring wanted a new one.

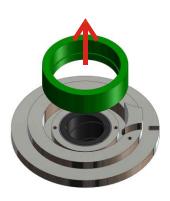


wear pad.

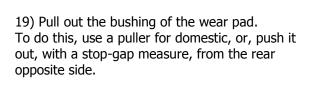


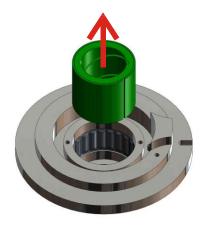
16) Unscrew the screws on the lock ring of

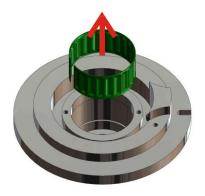
17) Pull out the lock ring of wear pad.



18) Slip off the wear pad and replace it with a new one.

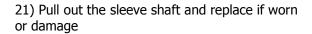






20) It is recommended, at each disassembly of the bushings, replace bushing stop (tolerance rings).

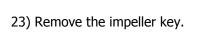
To extract them is enough to make using a small flat screwdriver .





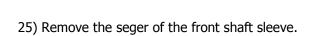
22) Slip off the impeller, inspect carefully, paying attention to possible signs on the sides or on the peripheral diameter, or vanes, that could irreparably compromise the new wear pad and the separation baffle of pump casing and volute ring.

Replace the impeller when they are present the above mentioned damage.





24) Remove the tolerance rings, then, to reassembly, replace them by new ones.





26) Pull off the front shaft sleeve, and replace it in case of damage or wear.

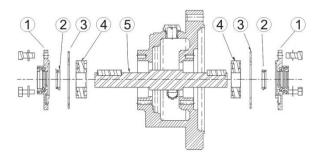


27) Remove the tolerance rings, then, to reassembly, replace them by new ones.

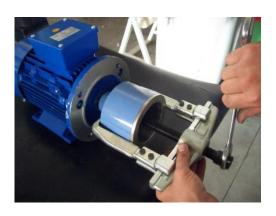


28) To remove the external magnet, unscrew locking socket screws.

29) With the aid of an extractor, remove the external magnet.



You can now replace all worn or damaged parts.



-To recondition the bearing frame it is necessary:

remove the ball bearing covers (1) on both sides; remove the seals (2) and replace them; replace the gaskets (3) (recommended every time);

replace the ball bearings (4) if a failure occurred or if weared.

Pump reassembling

To reassemble the pump, follow the instructions in reverse order.

Thoroughly clean every component before assembly, make sure all parts are free of dirt, metal particles, etc.

CAUTION



During the first assembly, or reassembly of the pump, it is recommended to apply the low strength thread locker (AREXONS 52A22 - LOCTITE 222 or equivalent) on the locking nut of the external magnet to prevent unscrewing problems.

DECOMMISSIONING, DISMANTLING AND DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS

Decommissioning

For an eventual long time decommissioning, it is advisable to apply some simple precautions to preserve correctly the pump.

Make the pump run with clean water (or other suitable solvent compatible with the materials of the pump) for several minutes, in order to avoid the risk of liquid precipitation or deposits. Disconnect from the electric power / liquid supply and place it in a protected site.

During the commissioning after a long period of stocking, carefully follow all recommendations for commissioning described at beginning of this manual

CAUTION



A good stocking will guarantee against unpleasant incidents during the restarting of the pump. Bedu Pompen BV disclaims any responsibility for machines stored incorrectly. If you intend to stop using this pump it is recommended to make it inoperative.

Demolition and dismantling

The user must comply with the legislation on environmental conservation and will have to deal with the disposal and elimination of materials and harmful substances of the pump components. It is recommended to destroy the identification plates of the pump and any other document.

NOTES	

APPENDIX A – Register of maintenance and periodic checks of the pump

It is provided a list of maintenances to be carried out and their respective ranges; you must register these operations.

operations.			
Commissioning date:			

Main maintenance operations to be performed by the second year of use onwards:

N.	Required check	Warnings and protective measures be taken to perform maintenance properly and safely	Range
1	Check oil level at bearing frame	Top up the oil until the middle of the eye plug	Weekly. Replace the oil every 5000 hours.
2	Internal bearings	Check the condition of bushings, sleeve bearings and thrust bearing if worn replace them, reassemble using new gaskets	After 2500 hours, check any premature wear, then every 5,000 hours or every year.
3	Wear ring	Check the status of the wear ring, see the table of tolerances	After 2500 hours, check any premature wear, then every 5,000 hours or every year.
4	motor bearings	Unless other specifications, motor bearings are greased for life, so there is not a maintenance schedule, anyway it is recommended to check the condition of the bearings and replace them when worn	

DATE	DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION (report the numbers associated with intervention and any operations carried out in addition)	OPERATOR SIGNATURE

APPENDIX B – Startup check list

PUMP SERIES CT MAG-M	
Do not doctrouing do not modify	Rev. N°00
- Do not destroying – do not modify -	Date 21/02/2013
STARTUP CHECK LIST	This document consists of 2 pages

Nr.	Description of activity	YES /	NO /			
*UPON ARRIVING CHECKS:						
1	Check Pump Name Plate , Motor Name plate to tally with PO and Data Sheet					
2	Any Cracks or damages to Pump or motor during shipment or handling					
3	Check accessories if ordered to tally with PO					
4	Are Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manuals for Pump, Motor and Coupling supplied?					
5	Have you received the Pump Curve, GA Drawing, Pump Data Sheet, Motor Data Sheet and Wiring Diagram?					
6	Have you read through and understand the IOM manuals?					
*INS	TALLATION CHECKS:					
1	Has the Pump's baseplate being properly level and firmly secured?					
2	Has the Pump and motor coupling being secured and aligned?					
3	Are Suction and Discharge Pipe line with Flexible Joints being Supported and Secured?					
4	Any undue Pipe loading onto Pump inlet/Outlet Nozzle due to Mis-alignment					
5	Is Suction Strainer being installed to protect the Pump?					
6	Are Suction and Discharge Pressure Gauge being installed before Pump's Inlet and Outlet?					
7	Is there any Check Valve being installed at Pump's discharge Outlet?					
8	Has the Power supplied for Electrical Motor being connected by qualified electrical personnel?					

9	Have the Pump Bearings been filled with recommended Lubricating Oil and to the stated level (For Long Coupled Pump)?	
10	Have the motor Bearings been greased if required?	
* PRE	START-UP	
1	For High /Low Temperature Pumping application , has the pump been warmed up to required Temperature?	
2	Can the Pump shaft turns freely by hand?	
3	Fully Open the Suction Valve.	
4	Partially Open the Discharge.	
5	Ensure Suction line is Filled and the Pump been Primed of entrained Air.	
6	Jog Start the motor, Verify that the direction of rotation is correct.	
* AFT	ER START-UP	
	LIX STAINT-OF	
1	Start the pump set and be sure that the discharge pressure is building up (stop the pump if discharge pressure is not building up in short time and check the possible causes	
	Start the pump set and be sure that the discharge pressure is building up(stop the pump if discharge pressure is not building up in short time and check the	
1	Start the pump set and be sure that the discharge pressure is building up(stop the pump if discharge pressure is not building up in short time and check the possible causes Throttle or Set Discharge Valve to designed Duty Point. (Pressure and Flow	
2	Start the pump set and be sure that the discharge pressure is building up (stop the pump if discharge pressure is not building up in short time and check the possible causes Throttle or Set Discharge Valve to designed Duty Point. (Pressure and Flow Rate) Reading of Suction Pressure () Discharge Pressure ()	
2 3	Start the pump set and be sure that the discharge pressure is building up (stop the pump if discharge pressure is not building up in short time and check the possible causes Throttle or Set Discharge Valve to designed Duty Point. (Pressure and Flow Rate) Reading of Suction Pressure () Discharge Pressure () and Flow Rate ().	
1 2 3	Start the pump set and be sure that the discharge pressure is building up (stop the pump if discharge pressure is not building up in short time and check the possible causes Throttle or Set Discharge Valve to designed Duty Point. (Pressure and Flow Rate) Reading of Suction Pressure () Discharge Pressure () and Flow Rate (). Are the Suction and Discharge Pressure Gauge Stable? Check Pump bearing and motor bearing temperatures are stabilized below 82	
1 2 3 4	Start the pump set and be sure that the discharge pressure is building up (stop the pump if discharge pressure is not building up in short time and check the possible causes Throttle or Set Discharge Valve to designed Duty Point. (Pressure and Flow Rate) Reading of Suction Pressure () Discharge Pressure () and Flow Rate (). Are the Suction and Discharge Pressure Gauge Stable? Check Pump bearing and motor bearing temperatures are stabilized below 82 deg C.	

9	Under Norma or two hours.	r one				
COMMENTS/REMARKS:						
INST	ALLATION	REFERENCE:				
	PROJECT:	CONTACT:				
CC	ONTRACTOR:					
	ADDRESS:					
	PHONE NO:	FAX:				
PUMP MODEL NO: SERIAL NR:						
M	MOTOR TYPE: IMPELLER DIAMETER:					
S	START-UP BY: FOLLOW UP REQD:			,		
DATE:		SIGNATURE:				



EC - Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer Details

Tradename

Bedu Pompen BV

Address

Poort van Midden Gelderland Rood 10, 6666 LT, Heteren, Netherlands

Product Details

Product Name

Centrifugal pumps

Model (+series) Name

T MAG-M series

Applicable Standards Details

Directives

2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive) 2014/35/EU (Low Voltage Directive) 2014/30/EU (Electromagnetic compatibility)

Additional information

No further details.

Declaration

We hereby declare under our sole responsibility that the product(s) mentioned above to which this declaration relates complies with the above mentioned standards and Directives.

BEDU Pompen BV

Poort van Midden Gelderland Rood 10

6666 LT Heteren

Tel : +31 (0)88 - 4802 900 Fax : +31 (0)88 - 4802 901

E-mail : info@bedu.nl
Website : www.bedu.eu

Standards

EN-ISO 12100:2010 EN-IEC 60204-1:2006 EN 809+A1/C1

Business Unit Manager: Issued Date:

O1/10/ 2014

Marco Breunissen

Signature of representative(s)



made for your process

- Expert advice
- A customer-oriented organization that adapts to the requirements and wishes of your organization
- Innovative and customized solutions
- Breakdownservice, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

- Technical service with extensive test facilities, working from our own workplace or at your location
- A fast and appropriate solution for all your issues
- Wide range of liquid pumps
- Repair, maintenance and revision

BEDU POMPEN B.V. Poort van Midden Gelderland Rood 10 6666 LT HETEREN Nederland Telefoon +31 (0)88 4802 900

sales@bedu.eu E-mail

WWW.BEDU.NL

BEDU BELGIUM B.V.B.A. Industriepark-West 75 9100 SINT-NIKLAAS Telefoon +32 (0)3 80 87 980

E-mail sales@bedu.eu





